Extensor Pollicis Longus Paralysis following Thoracoscopic Sympathectomy

D Lie,* FRCS, C K Low,** FAMS, M Med (Surg), FRCS, T T Yeo,*** FRACS (Neurosurg)

Abstract

Thoracoscopic sympathectomy is an acceptable form of treatment for palmar hyperhidrosis. Many authors have reported favourable results. Complications range from pneumo-haemothorax, Horner’s syndrome, compensatory hyperhidrosis and bleeding. Plas et al reported 2.7% of the procedures had complications requiring intervention and 9.7% had non-interventional complications. There have been isolated reports of other rare complications including false aneurysm of intercostal artery, inferior brachial plexus injury and abnormal suntanning.

We report an unusual case of isolated extensor pollicis longus paralysis after a thoracoscopic sympathectomy for palmar hyperhidrosis, in a fit young male. Such complications have not been previously reported. We recognise that such isolated nerve injury is uncommon.

Key words: Endoscopic sympathectomy, Isolated muscle paralysis

* Registrar
** Consultant
Department of Orthopaedic Surgery
*** Consultant
Department of Neurosurgery
Tan Tock Seng Hospital

Address for Reprints: Dr C K Low, Department of Orthopaedic Surgery, Tan Tock Seng Hospital, Moulmein Road, Singapore 308433.